PATENT MEDICINES. HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE

PREPARATION.

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT

A POSITIVE AND SPECIFIC REMEDY

BUCHU.

POR DISEASES OF THE

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, AND

DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This medicine increases the power of digestion,

and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the water or calcerous d_c positions and all munatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and is taken b₂

MEN WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Discipation, Early Indiscretions attended

with the following symptoms : Loss of power, Difficulty of breathing, indisposition to exertion, Loss of memory, Weak nerves. Horror of disease, Tremoline Wakefulness, Pain in the back, Flushing of the body, dimness of vision. lot hands. Dryness of the skin. Eruptions on the face. Universal lassitude of the Palid countenance, nuscular system,

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS. In one of which the patient may expire.

Whe can say that they are not frequently fol lowed by those "direful diseases." INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION. Many are aware of the cause of their suffering

none will confess. THE BECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS And the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion. The constitution once affected with

ORGANIO WEAKNESS, Bequires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which

HEMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU INVARIABLY DOES. A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL,

In many affections peculiar to Females.

THE EXTRACT BUCHU

Is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, habits of dissipation, or in the

(See symptoms above.) NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for Unpleasant and Dangerous Diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

AND

IMPROVED ROSE WASH CURE SECRET DISEASES.

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure.

It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to arinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing strictures of the Uretha, allaying in and infiammation, so frequent in this class of

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU For all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE.

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Diseases of these organs re-quire the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

And is certain to have the desired effects in all dis cases for which it is recommended. Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicine.

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC,

PHYSICIANS PLEASE NOTICE. I make no "secret" of "ingredients."

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is composed of Bushu, Cubebs and Juniper Ber-ries selected with great care. PREPARED IN VACUO.

BY H. T. HELMBOLD, Practical and Analytical Chemist, and Sole Manu facturer of HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION

APPIDAVIT. Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly swern, doth say his preparations contain no sarcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable. H. T. HELMBOLD. Bwern and subscribed before me, this twenty-third day of November, 1804. W.M. P. HIBBERD, Alderman, Ninth street, above Race, Philadelphi

Price \$1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for \$6.60

Delivered to any address, securely packed from ob-servation. Address letters to

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594 BROADWAY, N. Y.,

BEWARE OF COUNTERPEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS.

Who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and " HELMBOLD'S GENUINE

PREPARATIONS.

field by all drugglate everywhere. Ask for Heimbold's-take no other. Out out this advertisement and send for it, and areid impesition and exposure. ja 21-00

When I

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1868.

THE EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip.

POLITICAL.-The Rochester (Minn.) Union says that Mr. Pendleton is nearly if not quite the unanimous choice of the Democracy of

- The Lincoln (III.) Intelligencer, and The Journal, of El Paso, Ill., both nominate Hon. Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, for President. - The Republican County Conventions in Kentucky are nearly unanimous in recommending the nomination of General Grant.

- The Cleveland Herald and Cincinnati Commercial, heretofore in the interest of Mr. Chase for the Presidency, have recently come out strongly in favor of Grant's nomination. - A Washington dispatch says that the friends of Senator Wade are going to demand his nomination for the Vice Presidency on the ticket with General Grant, as a concession to the Radical element of the country.

-The Memphis Avalanche pleads for the nomination of Andrew Johnson for the Presidency, his wnole course baving "been governed by wisdom, moderation, and a just and generous conservatism."

-The Natchez (Miss.) Courier of the 10th instant states that the Convention at Jackson "have gone into the farce of Congressional nominations," Captain Peirce, of Natchez, Register in Bankruptcy, being the nominee for that district, and G. C. McKee, of Vicksburg, also Register in Bankruptcy, for the district above. Joshua S. Morris was nominated for Attorney General, with a full list of other State officers. Candidates for Presidential electors have also been chosen, viz: For Electors at Large-Col. E. Stafford, of Kemper; W. B. Cunningham, of Madison. First District-N. G. Gill, of Marshall. Second-Col. J. R. Webster. Third-Lester Williams, jr., Leake. Fourth-T. W. Stringer, of Warren. Fifth-E. J. Castello. Unlike the Radicals in Alabama, the Mississippians have placed one colored individual upon their ticket-Dr. T. W. Stringer, a resident of Vicksburg.

- The Dubuque (Iowa) Herald says that the Senatorial succession is causing the lowa Radicals considerable trouble. Representative Wilson, in the lower part of the State, is said to be a candidate, also Messrs. Grimes, Kirkwood and Allison.

-The Rhode Island Republican caucus in Newport on the evening of the 14th inst., passed resolutions in favor of General Grant for President and General Burnside for Governor.

-- The Madison (Wisconsin) State Journal speaks of Mr. Lorenzo Sherwood as the advocate of the "National System of Cheap Freight Railways" and as a candidate for the Presidency, and says: "While our preference is decidedly for General Grant for the Presidency. we are sure that power in Mr. Sherwood's hands would be entirely safe, and exercised for the greater good of our whole country, and should be receive the Republican nomination, we could give him a most cordial support."

-In Allegany county, Md., the Republican County Convention have elected Hon. Francis Thomas, Col. Robert Bruce, Captain Weir, Messrs. J. I. Gross, Caleb Douty and W. Lowdermilk as delegates to the Republican State Convention of the 6th of March.

--- The Richmond Register, the new Radical paper, has suspended publication.

A BRILLIANT MASQUERADE PARTY.—One of the fashionable houses in F street was the scene on Friday last of as gay a spectacle as is often witnessed in Washington. A lady, well known in society, issued invitations two weeks in advance for a fancy ball, at which it was announced that all who danced the cotillion were expected to appear in costume, and that officers of the army and navy were requested to wear full uniform. The polite world was on the qui vive of expectation; at dinners and visits, dresses were discussed; innumerable requests for invitations were declined, for the party was to be limited; and for a day or two before St. Valentine's day, no other subject was so much discussed in the circles where such themes are

Finally, the important night arrived, and

soon after nine o'clock the brilliant crowd

began to assemble. The hostess received them in the dress of Marie Antoinette, made in the style of that worn by Ristori in the first act of the famous drama of that name. Everybody knows what a superb costume this must be The wishes of the mistress of the house were fully carried out, and in a German cotillion of over thirty couples every person was in fancy dress. Shepherdesses in silk and lace, and tambourine girls, with the daintiest of feet and shoon, did not seem unused to the company of the grandest dames of Elizabeth's court, or even to such acquaintances as Marie Stuart herself: Postillions, sometimes of the softer sex wore gorgeous skirts and wonderful boots, such as no postillions of either sex were ever supposed to sport; "buy-a-broom girls" were intimate with cavaliers of the highest fashion of Charles First's time; Hamlet, the melancholy, seemed to get rid of the blues; Morning was never more refulgent in beauty, nor fresher in charm, than here at a midnight ball; Evening was brilliant with stars, and Night herself was radiant. Such peasant girls in such pink and blue slippers and skirts must have been the ones that King Cophetua wooed and won; such water carriers in velvet and gold would have found favor with ladies of high degree in the days of the troubadour, as they seemed to do in the days of reconstruction. It was wonderful to see how everybody, instead of running away from Snow, was inclined to run after it. and never got frozen, no matter how close. It was annoying to see a prim gentleman of the older school flirting vigorously with a bewitching little gipsy, or even with Madame de Pompadour. Never so democratic a ball-room as this. Scotch peasants danced with grandees of Spain, and nobody wondered at the grandee's taste; sailor boys were the accepted partners of queens. Then, too, all nature was disturbed. as well as all society; Night and Morning were present at the same moment, and several Nights followed after each other, no Day intervening. A single masker in a black domino distributed fortunes to the curious crowd, when they could spare time from dancing or looking at each other; and, by midnight, one of the pret-tiest sights imaginable was presented to hose who themselves contributed to the show. The bell-room is one of the largest in Washington, and many withdrawing-rooms and halls were also open on the occasion. The brilliant confusion created by the mingling of such a variety of costumes and colors, was heightened by the gay epaulettes and sashes of the officers, while inspiring music and softened lustres added their potent influence. Before supper a procession was formed, and the dancers marched by pairs through the older crowd, reminding one of the old Polish mazourkas so superbly described by Lizst; and then wine and dainty dishes were served by incongruous gentlemen to extraordinary ladies. After midnight many who were not dancers left the house, but the tripping feet of those who like the cotillion

kept time to Weber's music till nearly dawn. SENATOR MORTON'S HEALTH is much im proved, and he walks better that at any time since his return from Europe. He has received over six hundred congratulatory letters since he made his great Reconstruction speech.

ARMY ORDERS .- Brevet Lieut. Col. H. C. Morgan, captain 12th infantry, has been placed on the retired list. Brevet Brig. Gen. O. L. Shepherd, colonel 15th infantry, has been or-dered to join his regiment in the Third Military District, and to take command of the sub-district of Alabama.

It is UNDERSTOOD that a majority of the House Committee on Elections have about made up their minds to report in favor of Gen. Morgan's right to a seat in the House, from the Eighteenth Obio District. Gen. Morgan's seat was contested by Columbus Delano, Republican, on the ground that many votes cast for Morgan were by deserters from the army, who, under laws of Ohio, were disfranchised.

THE DELEGATION OF UTE INDIANS, now on a visit to this city, were at the Treasury Department this morning, headed by Gen. Kit Carson, and after an interview with the Secretary were shown through the building by Mr. Davis, confidential Secretary of Mr. McCul-

mittee representing the City Councils of Baltimore, Md., visited the Executive Mansion this morning for the purpose of presenting a series of resolutions, complimentary to the President, recently adopted by the City Councils of Baltimore. The delegation was introduced to the President by Hon. Charles E. Phelps, Representative in Congress from Maryland, and the resolutions were presented by Henry Duvall, Esq., President of the first branch of the Baltimore City Councils, who, in a brief address, alluded to the course of the President as satisfactory to the citizens represented by the delegation, and thanked him for the stand taken by him, and his efforts to restore the Constitution and the Unian. He was followed by Mr. Crout, who extended to the President a cordial invitation to visit Baltimore. The President responded

the delegation withdrew. ADMISSION OF ALABAMA .- In the Senate today, Mr. Witson, of Massachusetts, introduced the following joint resolution, which was read

in appropriate terms, expressing his thanks for

the compliment, and assuring them of the grat-

ification it afforded him to receive them.

After a few minutes passed in conversation.

twice and ordered to be printed: Whereas the act of March 23, 1867, entitled "An act supplementary to an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2d, 1867, and to facilitate reconstruction," provided that the election for the ratification of each of the rebel States should be one at which all the registered and qualified electors of the State should have "an opportunity to vote fully and without restraint, fear, or the influence of fraud;" and whereas at the election for the constitution of Alabama, electors, owing to their fear of dismissal from employment and the hostile and menacing actions of combinations of persons, "had not an oppportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear, or the influence of fraud;" and whereas, Congress is satisfied that the constitution of Alabama meets the approval of a majority of all the qualified oters of the State, therefore

Resolved, &c., That the constitution of Alabama is hereby declared to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to provide for he more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2d, 1867, and whenever the Legislature elected under said constitution shall ratify the 14th article of the Constitution of the United States, proposed by the 39th Congress, the said State shall be admitted to representation in Congress, in accordance with the

NAVAL ORDERS .- Commodore Charles H Poor, United States navy, has been detached rom command of the naval Station at Moun City, Illinois, to take effect from the first Monday of May next, and Commodore Henry Waiker been ordered to command that post.

APPOINTED,-The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has appointed Robert B. Ferguson, of this city, as General Inspector of Distilled Spirits for the District of Columbia, vice Chas. H. Maull, resigned.

EXTENSION OF THE CAPITOL GROUNDS .- Mr. Fessenden, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported in the Senate to-day, with amendments, the bill introduced by Mr. Trumbull on the 22d of January, 1866, "enlarge the public grounds surrounding the The bill, as it will be remembered, provides for extending said grounds between 1st street east and 1st street west, in the following manner, to wit: "Northwardly to the south side of North B street, and southwardly to the north side of South B street, including, in addition to so much of the reservations, avenues, and streets as are necessary to such extension, the two squares designated on the plan of the city of Washing. ton as No. 687 and 688" After several verbal amendments in the preceding sections the Com. mittee amend by striking out section 6 and inserting the following: "That the Washington Georgetown Railroad Company and the Metropolitan Railroad Company be, and are ereby required to remove their track respectively from the Capitol grounds as hereby established, and to run the same as they may be directed from time to time by the officer in charge of the Public Buildings and grounds as the grading and filling up of said grounds may render necessary.

THE NEW SENATOR FROM KENTUCKY .- The announcement by telegraph that Thomas Mc-Creery had been elected by the Kentucky Legislature to fill the vacancy in the United States Senate, occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Guthrie, created considerable surprise, and has occasioned general inquiry as to who the successful man is. We learn that Mr. McCreery is a citizen of Davis county, Kentucky; is known throughout the State as a fine speaker and a successful advocate, but has lived in comparitive retirement for some years. The Representatives from his State speak of him as a man of fine abilities and an undoubted accession to the

talent of the Senate. THE PROPOSED LAW DEPARTMENT.-The bill introduced in the House to establish a Law Department, was to-day referred to the Judiciary Committee and ordered to be printed. It makes the Attorney General head of the Department in question; provides for a Solicitor General as assistant to the Attorney General, and establishes the following bureaus in the Department :- Bureau of International Law, Revenue Law, Military and Naval Law, Postal Law, Land Law, Patent Law, and a bureau of the Court of Claims, each bureau to have a principal officer, to be called a Solicitor. Questions of law submitted to the Attorney General for his opinion, except questions in-volving a construction of the Constitution of the United States, may be by him referred to such of the bureaus as he may deem appropriate and he may require the written opinion of the Solicitor of uch bureau thereon, and if the opinion given by the Solicitor shall be approved by the Attorney General such approval so endorsed thereon shall give the opinion the same force and effect as belong to the opinion of the Attorney General. Full provision is made in the bill for the organization of the different bureaus of the Department; and for merging the law departments of the different departments of Government now in existence into this Law Depart. ment.

THE WHITE House .- The usual crowd of visitors were in attendance at the Executive Mansion this morning, nearly all of whom were admitted to see the President. Senator Dixon had an interview this forenoon.

SENATOR MORTON offered a bill to-day. which was referred to the Judiciary Committee, removing political disabilities from Gov. Holden, of North Carolina. It is similar to the bill agreed upon by the Reconstruction Committee, not yet reported to the House,

FROM LIBERIA .- ARRIVAL OF THE GOL-CONDA.-Letters have been received by Mr. Coppinger, Corresponding Secretary of the American Colonization Society, reporting the arrival of the Society's superior packet ship Golconda at Monrovia, December 24th, after a pleasant passage of 36 days from Charleston, S. C. The large party of emigrants she safely carried out were well, and delighted with their adopted homes in Liberia. The Golconda was to leave the African coast about the 20th of January, and may be expected soon to arrive at Baltimore. She will be provisioned at that port and call at Savannah, where she will take in the most of the intending emigrants. Some three thousand of the thoughtful and enterprising freedmen have applied for passage, and numbers are petitioning Congress for the means to reach and settle in that growing Republic. The friends of the Rev. R. R. Gurley, of this city, will rejoice to learn that his health and that of his son, who accompanied him, had improved on the voyage. They had landed at several of the Liberian towns, and would return in the Golconda.

RECONSTRUCTION .- In the Senate to-day, Mr. Trumbull, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted adverse reports upon the bills to "provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," introduced respect. ively by Mr. Wilson on the 4th of December, 1867, and by Mr. Drake on the 18th of Decem-

PERSONAL .- Hon. Jno Fox and Hon. E. P. Briggs, of New York, are at the National. Gen. Gregory, of Baltimore, is at the Seaton House, dayaramanantet

AT A COURT MARTIAL held in New York. PRESENTATION TO THE PRESIDENT .- A com-January 3d, Captain Napoleon Collins, of the Navy, was tried and court martialed for allowing, through inattention, United States Steamer Sacramento to run upon the shoal at the mouth of Kathapalaun river, coast of Coromandel, and be wrecked, and sentenced as follows, which the Secretary of Navy in General Order issued to-day approves: "To be suspended for the term of three years from rank and duty, during which reriod of time he shall receive only pay of officers the grade of captain on the retired list, and his suspension from rank shall only effect his promotion to higher grade; and to be publicly reprimanded by Hon. Secretary of the Navy." Captain Collins is the same officer who commanded the Wachusett, when she entered Bahia Bay, Brazil, and captured rebel pirate Florida, and for this conduct he was then promoted.

Lieut, Commander George M. Bache, Executive officer of the Sacremento, was also courtmartialed for the same offence, and sentenced to be suspended for one year, and to be publicly reprimanded by the Secretary of the Navy. The order in which these officers are reprimanded by the Secretary of the Navy, states

that this is a very difficult task to perform, especially as the official standing of these officers has been high, and their patriotism well tested. THE CITY CHARTER .- Mr. Sumner presented to-day the following petition, (which was re-

ferred to the Senate District Committee :) "We, whose signatures are hereunto attached. most respectfully pray your honorable body for the speedy passage of a bill re-chartering the city of Washington. "The present charter expires on the 17th of May next, and unless action is soon had suf-

ficient time will not elapse after a re-charter may be granted to make the registration of voters, and for the other necessary arrangements for an election. "It is hardly necessary to add that we entertain no doubt that the elective franchise will be continued to the citizens of the city, many of whom have enjoyed it for the first time, under your patriotic and liberal legislation.

"We cannot believe that you will ever consent to impose upon us the rule of a Board of Commissioners chiefly composed of speculators in real estate and adventurers in other en-

"We know that co-operating in the effort to have the charter of the city taken are all those who sympathized with or assisted the rebellion. and who are determined at all hazards to de. prive the colored man of his vote. These parties hope by delay in your action, the charter will expire by its own terms, and Commission. ers therefore be appointed temporarily at least. and that if this be once done their continuance hay be easily brought about. The petition is signed by Messrs, William

Johnson, Appleton P. Clark, William Tindell, Ananias Herbert, John R. Arrison, Benjamin N. Meeds, and one hundred and seventeen other persons residing in the city of Washington.

GENERAL HOWARD, Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, this morning telegraphed to General Hayden, Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau for the State of Alabama, directing him to do all in his power to provide for those freedmen who had been discharged for voting in Alabama, it having been reported that a large number of freedmen had been discharged from employment for voting the Republican ticket at the recent election. REGISTERING OF VESSELS .- Mr. Hendricks

introduced in the Senate, to-day, a bill to provide that the record required by the act entitled an act to provide for the conveyances of vesseis and for other purposes," approved July 29, 1850, shall be made in the office of the collector of the customs where the vessel has its permanent registry. THE HOUSE has just passed, by a vote of 85 to 44, an amendment to the Legislative Appro-

priation bill, giving the employees of Congress and the clerks in the Departments twenty per cent. additional compensation. The amendment was offered by Mr. Woodbridge, and opposed by Mr. E. B. Washburne.

INTERNAL REVENUE .-- The receipts from the source to-day were, \$253,252.43.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

On Saturday, Judge Underwood, on a quesion certified for decision by Register Foster. of Norfolk, decided that rent was not a lien on the property of a bankrupt, except a distress warrant had been actually executed. It was simply a privilege remedy of the landlord. It is supposed that this decision will stimulate business in the offices of the registers in this

The Virginia and Tennessee railroad has commenced the use of coal, in part, as fuel for their passenger engines. We are informed that it works admirably, and can be furnished at a cost at least two-thirds less than wood. A gentleman from New Hampshire, son of

an ex-Governor of that State, has purchased three hundred acres of the farm of Gen T. T. Munford, near Forest Depot, Bedford county. He comes highly endorsed by ex-President Capt. Hancock, of the Southside railroad, has been appointed to succeed Capt. E. G. Scruggs,

who resigned his position as conductor on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, a few days The directors of the Petersburg railroad have declared a dividend of one and a half her cent. out of the prefits of the road for the last six months.

Several sales of land in Albemarie county, to

gentlemen from the North, have recently been made, at fair prices. The ice has broken up in the James river canal, and the packet from Richmond arrived at Lynchburg Friday morning. The Messrs. Peyton, we learn from the Covington Times, are pushing ahead with improve-

ments at the White Sulphur Springs, with a view of accommodating over 1,500 guests next season. The same paper contains an advertisement from Col. Eubank, proposing to let to contract, on the 20th inst., the making of a turnpike from

Covington to the Healing Springs, by which the access to that splendid watering place will be materially shortened and improved. A line of telegraph is to run from Covington to the White Sulphur Springs before the opening of the season.

The Covington Times states that a great deal of freight remains on hand at the depot. The Manassas road is so far completed that it will readh Strasburg in two weeks after the weather opens and work can be resumed. It is estimated that in a month after reaching Strasburg the cars will run to Mt. Jackson.

THE GREAT TEN THOUSAND DOLLAR MATCH. In this important match the betting fraternity have alreay commenced to back up their opinions with the article which "talks all languages," the speculation, as far as has come under our notice, being at evens, each man appearing to have an equal number of partisans. Coburn returned to this city last week, and is installed in his new and stylishly appointed hostelrie, known as "Coburn's Harlem Hotel," located on 125th street, between Third and Fourth avenues, formerly kept by Dick Platt. He will go into training about the ides of March, when he will shed his curled and weet-scented "capillary attraction," doff his fashionably cut rig, and come down to the stern reality. It is not yet certain whether Jim Cu-sick or Frank McIntyre (who, by the way, hasn't given up his idea of walking from New York to Philadelphia, but purposes attempting it during the summer,) or both, will train for him. McCoole has been very successful in his different exhibitions through the Middle and Western States, and is now about to settle down and prepare for his course of training. The next deposit for this interesting encounter falls due on Monday, March 2d, when two thousand dollars a side has to be forthcoming-New York

Clipper. The Richmond Enquirer and Examiner eatly says:-"We have received from Mr George Francis Train, presently in Ireland on a stumping tour, a copy of the Cork Herald containing an account of his arrest and com-mitment to jail by the British government which we were very glad to see. Advices from Illinois state that the prospects for the coming spring of a good wool clip in that State are more than usually promis-

goods at a fire, but pleaded in excuse that he had not been in the business long and had not learned the rules. Ohio, by a last recently introduced into her Legislature, proposes not only to punish the participants in prize fights, but the spectaers and reporters.

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TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR. This Afternoon's Dispatches.

FROM EUROPE TO-DAY. [By Cable to the Associated Press.] LONDON, Feb. 19-Afternoon.-Consols, 22% Other securities are unchanged. LIVERPOOL, Feb. 19-Afternoon.-The cotton shipments from Bombay to the 14th Instant amount to 45,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet. Beef 114s. Pork dull. Turpentine 35s. Sugar 24s. 6d.

ANTWERP, Feb. 19 .- Petroleum firm at 43 LONDON, Feb. 19 .- Allen, the Fenian prisoner who was discharged from custody vesterday, after being examined on the charge of causing the Clerkenwell explosion, was soon after re-

arrested and imprisoned on the charge of mur-LONDON, Feb. 19-Forenoon.-Consols unchanged; U. S. 5-20's 71 % a72; Eries 49 %. Other

securities unchanged. PARIS, Feb. 19.—Rentes strong. LIVERPOOL, Feb. 19.—Forenoon.—Cotton buoyant; sales of 20,000 bales-Uplands advanced to 9% a9% on the spot, and 9% to arrive: Orleans 9% atod The shipments from Bombay for the month of December amounted to thirteen millions of

Breadstuffs and provisions steady.

pounds.

FROM PHILADELPHIA. Another Shocking Murder.

[Special Dispatch to the Star.] PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19 .- Patrick McLaugh lin, liquor dealer, was murdered at his house at Twenty-third and Market street this morning. by Michael Carey, who stabbed him in the breast with a pen-knife. Carey is in custody A large meeting of newspaper men was held yesterday to take action upon the death of William Swain, the founder of the Public Ledger of this city.

[By Associated Press.] PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19 .- About midnight a murder was committed at the corner of 23d and Market streets; Patrick McLaughlin was stabbed to the heart in a scuttle by Michael Carey, who boarded at the house of the former. The former was employed at the skating park, and coming home late found himself locked out, when he attempted to break open the door, and after being assaulted by his wife a scuttle ensued, which resulted in his death. Carey has been arrested.

FROM NEW YORK. Injunction Against the Eric Railroad-Fatal Result of Stabbing Case-Conclusion of Trial of Dr. Tyng.

[Special Dispatch to the Star.] NEW YORK, Feb. 19 .- An injunction was issued yesterday by the Supreme Court, on the affidavit of Frank Work, one of the directors of the Eric Railway Company and its Roard of Directors, enjoining the directors from paying the principal or interest on \$348,000 advanced them by Mr. Drew, in consideration of 58,000 shares of stock at a depreciated value, under a covenant which complainant alleges was traudulent. Frank Lander, the car conductor, who was stabbed on Monday by a drunken passenger, died yesterday. The trial of Rev S. H. Tyng, Jr., was concluded yesterday They will render their decision, subject to the approval or disapproval of the Bishop, at seme future time.

FROM THE WEST INDIES. The Haytien Rebellion - The National Forces Suffer Reverses.

Special Dispatch to the Star. NEW YORK, Feb. 19.-Later advices from Hayti confirmed the news that President Salnave. Haytien army, had been badly beaten in a series of engagements by the Cacos rebels. who had succeeded in recapturing all the important posts out of which they were recently driven by the national troops. To add to Salnave's difficulties, he had a quarrel with General Nord, the best of Haytien generals, and at the latest advices it was rumored at Cape Haytien that Nord, to avenge himself upon the President, had gone over to the Cacos, taking with him a large number of men.

FROM JAMAICA. Outrage on an American Whaler-The Consul General asks for a Ship of War to obtain Redress.

HAVANA, Feb. 18 .- Advices from Kingston. Jamaica, state that the American Consul General, Mr. Gregg, has telegraphed to Washington demanding the services of a man-of-war to obtain redress for an outrage committed on the American whaler Hannah Grant. The Captain of the whaler has gone to St. Thomas to obtain assistance from that point if possible.

FROM BUFFALO. Three Men Drowned-Spiritualists' Con-

vention. BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 19 .- Three men-named Geo. Morrison, Thomas Thompson, and Wm. Alexander-were capsized in an open boat yesterday, in the Niagara river, and drowned. The accident is supposed to have been caused by the boat having gotten on a piece of floating ice. The Spiritualists' Convention of Western New York convened in this city yesterday. A large number of delegates are in attendance.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN SYRACUSE.

[Special Dispatch to the Star.] SYRACUSE, Feb. 19 .- At the municipal election yesterday, Hon. C. H. Anderson (Rep.) received one hundred and twenty-four majority over John A. Green, jr., (Dem.) The Republicans also elect five out of eight Aldermen, giving them the control of the city government. Gain on the vote of last fall, 193; and on that of

FATAL ACCIDENT. FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 19 .- A notorious woman named Phoebe Wilkie, the keeper of a house of prostitution in this city, was burned to death night before last by the bursting of a

kerosene lamp.

the spring, 364.

WILL CASE. Boston, Feb. 19 .- The United States Supreme Court, to which an appeal had been made, has sustained the will of Mrs. Abagail Loring, of Boston, who devoted \$171,000 to va-

rious charitable institutions.

NAMING CHILDREN.-The day of using of nicknames never will die out, but the custom of christening children by nicknames and pet names should be strangled in the cracle. The rising generation will blush for the sentimental silliness of their parents who bestowed these names upon them. A writer says:-"Girls, instead of being baptized with such sensible names as Matilda, Charlotte, Margaret. or Sarah. are christined 'Tillie,' 'Lottie,' 'Maggie,' and 'Sadie.' Ellen dwindles into 'Ella;' Susan shrinks into 'Susie:' Caroline is made ridiculous by being cut down to 'Linia.' Emma becomes insipid in Emmie, and most wretched of all. the beautiful name Mary is fritted away in Mamie.' The nicknaming would be all very well if in its use it was confined to the family circle; but such names are given permanently to children, and the future wives and mothers of the land figure in every advertised list of letters, and in every school examination as 'Lidies,' 'Susies,' and Sadies.' Think of the wife and mother of the father of his country christened by the name of Mamie, and Marthie,' and of the mother baptizing the future hero and stateman as Georgie! The first Napoleon would have remained a bachelor forever had his first wife been named 'Josie,' and he would not have troubled an Archduchess of Austria to take the place of the discarded Empress had she been named Minnie Loui,' instead of plain and sensible Maria

CARDINAL ANTONELLI AND WAR .- A letter from Rome, in the Correspondence Ralienne, Cardinal Autonelli, in his private conversa-

tion, expresses firm belief in an approaching war. He says that the great works which the French are erecting are by no means intended to shelter Rome from a coup de mais of Garibal-di, but to guarantee it against an attack of the di, but to guarantee it against an attack of the regular Italian army. In the war which is preparing, he recently said, the French army will fight alone against Italy, and we shall keep our troops to hold in respect the Roman population. This, to say the least, is a singular admission from the Secretary of State of his Holiness, and you will perhaps be glad to make a note of it. Let me add that I hear from a good source, that Cardinal Antonelli, while speaking with some persons well known in speaking with some persons well known in Rome for the great alacrity with which they kome for the great alacrity with which they everywhere repeat the news they receive, is said to have expressed him self nearly in these terms: "The Emperor Napoleon has lost all sympathy for Italian unity ever since the discovery of the secret treaty between Signor Rattazza and Horr von Bismarck."

Mr. Adams has held the office of Minister to England longer than any other person

FORTIETH CONGRESS. This Afternoon's Proceedings.

Nº. 4,661.

WEDNESDAY, February 19. SENATE .- The Chair presented a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, asking an appropriation for the removal of certain dis-

affected Cherokee Indians on the Ren river. Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs. Also, memorial from the cigar makers of Columbus, Ohio, asking a reduction of the tax on cigars. Referred to Committee on Finance. Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from citizens of Washington, protesting against the imposition on them of a commissioner government, and asking that the charter of the city be

Mr. Sumner asked that the memorial be referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia. The charter of the city would expire on the 17th of May, and immediate action in this matter was necessary. He therefore gave notice that on to-morrow, or as soon thereafter as practicable, he would introduce a bill to recharter the city of Washington. Mr. Trumbull, from the Committee on the

ostponement of the bills of Mr. Sumner and Mr. Drake, supplementary to the reconstruc-Mr. Trumbull said the committee had, in the amendment reported to the House supplementary reconstruction bill, incorporated the provisions relative to the vote on the constitutions

Judiciary, reported in favor of the indefinite

making a majority only nicessary to ratify. Mr. Fessenden, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported with amendments the bill to enlarge the grounds around Mr. Wilson introduced a joint resolution to provide for the issue of clothing to soldiers to replace clothing destroyed to prevent conta-

gion. Referred to the Committee on Military Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to restore Alabama to representation in Congress. Mr. Wilson asked that the bill lie on the table. He desired to call it up tomorrow, when he would make some remarks in reference to the outrages which had been committed in that State, in violation of the

guarantee to all persons to vote without fear or molestation. Mr. Morton introduced a bill to remove the political disabilities from Gov. W. W. Holden, of North Carolina. Referred to Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Hendricks introduced a bill to amend the

The case of Hon. P. F. Thomas, Senator

elect from the State of Maryland, was then

act providing for the recording of the conveyance of vessels. Referred to Committee on the Mr. Harlan called up the bill extending the time for the completion of the Dubuque and Sioux City railroad, which was discussed at considerable length, and after being amended was passed.

House of Representatives .- Mr. Lawrence, (Ohio,) from the Committee on the Jadiciary, reported a bill to create a law department of the Government. Ordered to be printed and recommitted. Mr. Wilson, (Iows,) from the Judiciary Com-

murder, piracy, assassination, arson, or forgery in foreign lands, and who have sought an asy lum in the United States. It empowers the President to return such parties to the country from which they fled, or to prevent the entry of such persons in the United States. Mr. Wilson said there was a pressing neces sity for the passage of the bill at this time. He did not deem it advisable to state the exact case, but there was in individual whose entry

mittee, reported a bill in relation to the surren-

der of criminals who have been convicted of

Mr Chanler (N. Y.) asked if the bill affected deserters deserting from a foreign service. Mr. Wilson replied that it did not. After some further discussion the bill was The House resumed the unfinished business of yesterday, which was the consideration of

into this country it was desirable to prevent.

Mr. Washburne (Ill.) demanded the yeas and nays upon the amendment giving Department employees twenty per cent. increase. Mr. Washburne said he wanted it understood that those who voted age voted for the increase of twenty per cent.

Mr. Logan (III.) wanted it understood, on the

the legislative, executive, and judicial appro-

priation bill as amended in Committee of the

other hand, that a vote ave would simply give the pay now allowed by law. The amendment relating to the 20 per cent was agreed to by the following vote: Yeas .- Messrs. Adams, Anderson, Archer. Arnell, Ashley of Nevada, Banks, Barnum. Bingham, Blair, Boyer, Burr, Cary, Chanler, Clarke of Ohio, Coburn, Dodge, Driggs, Eckley, Eldridge, Eliot, Ferris, Getz, Glossbrenner, Golladay, Graveley, Griswold, Hopkins. Hotchkiss, Hubbard of Iowa, Jenckes, Jones, Judd. Kerr. Ketcham, Knott, Laffin, Lawrence of Pennsylvania, Lincoln, Logan, Mallory, Mc-Carthy, McCullough, Mercur, Miller. Moore, Moorhead, Morgan, Morrell, Mungen, Myers, Newcomb, Nicholson, Nunn, O'Neill, Paine, Peters, Phelps, Poland, Polsley, Raum, Robertson, Robinson, Schenck, Sitgreaves, Smith,

Spalding, Starkweather, Stewart, Stokes, Stone,

Taber, Taffe, Thomas, Trimble of Tennessee

Trimble of Kentucky, Twichell, Van Auken, Van Horn of New York, Van Trump, Van

Wyck, Williams of Pennsylvania, Williams

of Indiana, Wilson of Ohio, Wilson of Pennsylvania, Windom, Wood, Woodbridge, and Woodward_88 Nays .- Messrs. Allison. Ames. Baker. Bea. man. Beatty, Boutwell, Bromwell, Broomall. Buckland, Clarke of Kansas, Cobb. Cook. Cullum, Farnsworth, Fields, Haight, Halsey, Harding, Higby, Holman, Hubbard of West Virginia, Humphrey, Hunter, Julian, Lawrence of Ohio. Loan, Loughridge, Mullins, Orth, Perham, Pike, Plants, Sawyer, Scoffeld, Shanks, Tayor, Trowbridge, Upson, Ward, Washburn of Missouri, Washurne of Illinois, Washburn of

Massachusetts, Welker, and Wilson of Iowa The other amendments were read in order and severally agreed to by consent, except that in relation to the Court of Claims, upon which the yeas and nays were demanded, and the amendment was agreed to-yers 72, nays 64. The amendment of the Committee of the Whole, striking out the appropriation for some of the clerks of the Executive Mansion, was rejected, and the bill stands as reported by the

Committee on Appropriations.

All the other amendments made in Committee of the Whole Were agreed to, and the bill was then read a third time and passed, On motion of Mr. Flanders, (Washington Territory,) the Committee on Territories was directed to inquire into the expediency of providing a system of registration for voters in all the Territories. On motion of Mr. Washburne, (Ill.,) the

House resolved itself into Committee of the

Whole, (Mr. Washburn, of Wis., in the chair.)

and proceeded to the consideration of the army

appropriation bill.

The whole amount appropriated by the bill is \$33,682,093, the principal items being as fol-For recruiting expenses, &c., \$1000,000. For pay of the army, \$1,500,000. Commutation, officers, subsistence, \$2,133,413. Forage, commutation for officers, horses, \$20,000. Pay-ment to officers' servants in lieu of clothing, \$250,000. For payment to discharged soldiers for clothing not drawn, \$200,-000. Contingencies, \$60,000. Medical and hospital department, \$200,000. Expenses of army medical Museum, medical works for library of Surgeon General's office, expenses of Commanding General's office, and expenses of signal service, amounting in the aggregate to \$17,000. For regular supplies of Quartermaster's department, \$500,000. For general and ter's department, \$500,000. For general and incidental expenses of Quartermaster's department, \$2,000,000. Mileage, \$200,000.—

Transportation, \$5,000,000. Hire and commutation of quarters, \$2,000,000. For ordnance service, \$228,000. For repairs and improvements of armories and arsenals, \$473,680. (Included in the item last named is \$4.500 for for Fort Monroe arsangland \$500.

arsenal at Pikesville, Md.) For the preservation and necessary repairs ot fortifications and other works of defence, \$200,000. The bill was read through a first time, and then its consideration by paragraph was com-BILLY EDWARDS AND SAM COLLYER.-Billy Edwards, the "white-headed whistler," yester-day accepted the conditions presented by Sam Collyer, champion of the light weights, and having deposited an equal sum of money to that which the latter had up, there is a prospect that these men will meet in the "mystic ring" some time next summer. They will fight at 124 pounds for \$1,000 each.—New York Herald, Feb. 18.

\$4,500 for for Fort Monroe arsenal, and \$800 for

A soldier of the Twenty-fifth Infantry was shot and mortally wounded. in Memphis, on Thursday night, by a freedman, for insulting the wife of the latter.

The number of Indians at present living in Massachusetts is set down at 1610, showing a decrease of about two thousand in the course in the treasury, and nearly half a million more on deposit in New York.

Governments continue dull. There is but little investment demand, and prices are barely maintained Five-twenties of 1867 and Tenforties, however, are in demand, the latter apparently for export. At current quotations the price of Sixty-twos is above that of London, and it is not improbable that more or less bonds may have been ordered to be sent home. Gold. bas taken a downward turn, apparently from the absence of any new sensation to sustain the market. There is, for the moment a decided predominance of sellers, and the decline is not resisted by the bulls, wno are probably desirous of getting gold at lower figures, in order to

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

make a better average on the cost of their sup-[By Bankers' and Brokers' Telegraph.] Lewis Johnson & Co. quote stecks and bonds

in home and foreign markets as follows: NEW YORK, Feb. 19 .- First Board-U. S. 6's, 1861, coupon, 1114; 5.20's, 1862, coupons, 1114; 1864, coupon, 109; 1865, coupons, 1094; 1865, coupon, 1084; 1865, coupon, new, 1074; 5.20's, 1867, coupon. 10.40's, coupons, 105 \(\chi; 7.30's\), second, 107 \(\chi; 7.30's\), third, 107 \(\chi;\) Pacific Mail, 108 \(\chi;\) Atlantic Mail, Canton, 29%; Cumberland, 34; Western. Union Telegraph, 34 %; Quicksilver, 24 %; Mariposa, -; do. pref'd, 12 4: Boston Water Power, 20; N. Y. Central, 132 %; Erre, 75 %; do. prf'd, 84; Hudson, 147; Reading, 93 %; Michigan Central, 113: Michigan Southern, 91 %; Illinois Central, none; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 98; Northwestern, 59%; do. pref'd, 73%; Cleveland and Toledo, 110%; Rock Island, 38; Adams, 74%; Weils, Fargo & Co. Express, 40%; Merchant's Union, 32; American Express, 70; United States Express. 723; Ohio and Miss. Certificates, 32; Fort Wayne, 100%; Gold, 140%. Market weak.

Dry Goods.

Increasing activity in all kinds of domestic, goods has been the characteristic of the pas: week, and this activity must necessarily continue to increase for some weeks longer as th season advances. All parties-manufacturers agents, jobbers, and retailers, to say nothing o consumers-seem to have arrived at the logica' conclusion that, as the raw material has long since touched "hard-pan," cotton fabrics have also got past that condition. Prices are now steadily tending upward, and stocks must very rapidly diminish, as purchasers come in from the West, and jobbers fill their orders. One very encouraging symptom of a healthy revival of trade is found in the circumstances that the large jobbing houses now prefer to make their purchases at fixed rates, instead of making an average at the end of the month, as was so commonly done last year. This indicates a rising market, and is undoubtedly better for both seller and purchaser. The transactions of the week in unbleached goods have been on a large scale, and the prices of sheetings have advanced full one cent a yard. In bleached shirtings and sheetings there has been great activity, and prices have generally improved. The market is well supplied, but by no means overstocked, and there is more eagerness to purchase among the jobbers than is manifested among the commission houses and agents to sell. Drills are in better demand, and prices of both heavy and light weights have advanced. Cotton flannels are without any marked change, Corset jeans are more active at former prices, but not in quick demand. Stripes and ticks sell more freely and have advanced a little in prices. Denims and cottonades are in improved request, especially for the light weights.

There has been a very active business in gray printing-cloths, and the best standard qualities have advanced to 81/2 cents. For prints the demand is remarkably good, and the sales of the week have been considerably above the transactions ordinarily made at this season of the year. Agents are rather backward in offering their stocks, and in some cases will only receive orders for future delivery. Prices have advanced, and the stock of desirable styles in hand is quite limited. Rolled jaconets and cambrics are in good demand. Muslin delaines derately active de. mand, with an upward tendency of prices; but the inferior qualities hardly maintain the rates of the earlier part of the season. Italian cloths are more active, but the supply is abundant. In woolens there is no marked change to note,

Cloths are comparatively dull, and the demand from the clothing houses is not so lively as it usually is at this season. There is a trifling improvement in fancy cassimeres, but prices are without change. Kentucky jeans are in somewhat better demand, and prices are a shade higher. In foreign goods there is more doing, and importations are much larger than they have been; but importers are very much dissatisfied with the condition of the market. Black silks maintain good prices, and there is a good demand for millinery articles; but dressgoods and fancy silks are not selling at remunerative prices. The auction houses have commenced their regular sales, and are well attended. The prices realized for seasonable goods have been fair,-Independent.

To-day's New York Markets. [By Telegraph.] New York, Feb. 19 .- Flour 5a10 cents lower.

Wheat dull and drooping. Corn slightly in

buyers' favor. Rye steady. Oats are a shade

better. Pork firmer; new mess \$24.12%. Lard firm at 14a15 cents. Whisky nominal. Barley scarce and firm. Peas nominal. Cotton quiet at 23 % a24 cents for middling uplands. Freights Spirits Turpentine steady at 65 cents, Rosin firmer at \$3.15 for common. RECONSTRUCTION. VIRGINIA .- The Virginia convention was enraged yesterday chiefly on the oyster question

It was resolved not to tax citizens for the priv-

ilege of catching oysters with tongs, but to tax

the amount of sales of oysters. A proposition to appoint a committee to devise means to complete the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad was tabled. SOUTH CAROLINA .- In the South Carolina convention yesterday twenty more sections of the constitution was passed. A long discussion on the homestead law, which proposes an

exemption of \$2,500 from all debts, present, past, and future, occurred. FLORIDA.-The Reconstruction Convention yesterday reorganized on the basis proposed by General Meade. There was much excitement among the delegates and lobbyists. General Meade had a conference with the majority and minority leaders, and proposed propositions of conciliation and harmony, which the majority immediately accepted, and, after hesitation, were also accepted by the minority. They are as follows:-The presidents of both wings to resign; the four delegates declared ineligible by the majority to take seats, and the four delegates declared eligible to vacate. The majority to decide all questions, and the question of eligibility to be decided in a full convention. Col. Sprague, commanding the State, to call the Convention to order, and a new organization to be made. Col. Sprague urged equal rights to all men and classes as the basis of the constitution. Forty-five members out of forty-ix were present, Horatio Jenkins was elected president-32 to s. The standing rules and regulations of the majority convention were re-

adopted. Georgia .- The Convention exempted manu factures and institutions of learning from taxation. The words "two-thirds," wherever they occur in the report of the committee on the legislative bill, were stricken out, and the word majority" inserted, to define the powers of the Legislature.

MISSISSIPPI .- In Convention the two members engaged in a dispute made mutual concessions, apologized, and shook hands, amid applause from all sides. Three additional sections of the bill of rights were adopted. LOUISIANA-In the Convention yesterday the ordinance regulating weights and measures was laid over. The committee on style and arrangement offered a lengthy report, describing so

many alterations and amendments that one member said the Convention could hardly recognize its own creation in the constitution as reported by the committee, and moved to recommit the report. This led to a confused discussion. The report was finally recommitted, with instructions to have the constitution printed without any changes whatever for a comparison with the copy as amended by the committee. Work is thus cut out for an indefinite period. The Convention then discovered they had adopted no preamble to the constitution. They discussed the matter for a cou-

Foreign Items.

ple of hours, and then adjourned.

The bill for the regulation of the pross is still under discussion in the French legislative body. A violent debate sprung up Monday on the distribution of the Government advertising patronage. The Opposition contended that the Liberal journals were justly entitled to a share. This was demanded as a matter not of necessity but of principle, the speaker declaring that all journals should be treated with the strictest impartiality. The effort to have the bill modified by a provision to this effect was defeated

by a small majority.

The Moniteur of Paris, has a report that there has been a stop to the British advance in Abys-sinia, and that Napier is calling for reinforce-In the English House of Commons yesterday,

In the English House of Commons yesterday, Northcote said at the request of the English Government the Pasha of Egypt had agreed to recall the auxiliary force from Abyssinia, and the reports that have since been received, that the Egyptians still remain in the country and were advancing with the British, have not yet been explained by any official dispatches received by the Government. The expedition was no longer suffering from the scarcity of water.

Max Outrey, Consul General at Cairo, has been appointed French Ministea to Japan.

In the Corps Legilatif the amendment to the bill for the regulation of the press, permitting the free admission of foreign papers and the unrestreted sale of French journals, was defeated. The upper house of the Germany Diet passe t the convention made with the disposed Powers whose territories have been annexed to Prussia. The King engages to suspend all payments of money, and to confiscate their property in case of disloyalty

concinnati is to have a mechanics' convention, which will nominate candidates for President and Vice-President.